

一分鐘認識 MERS-CoV 中東呼吸症候群冠狀病毒感染症

傳染途徑

駱駝傳人(接觸傳染)
Camel to Human (Contact)



人傳人(飛沫傳染)
Human to Human (Aerosol)



症狀

發燒 Fever



咳嗽 Cough



呼吸急促及困難
Shortness of Breath



預防方法

有呼吸道或發燒
症狀戴口罩
Wear Mask when
Experiencing Flu-like
Symptoms or Fever

非必要避免
前往醫院
Avoid Unnecessary
Hospital Visits

避免在流行地區騎乘、
接觸駱駝或生飲駱駝等
動物奶
Avoid Contact with
Camels or Consuming
Raw Milk

勤洗手
Wash Hands



新北市政府衛生局 關心您



衛生福利部疾病管制署
TAIWAN CDC : 1922 <http://www.cdc.gov.tw>

廣告

MERS-CoV Health Advice

親愛的旅客您好：

歡迎您來到/返回台灣！若您曾前往 MERS 疫情國家(南韓、沙烏地阿拉伯、阿拉伯聯合大公國、巴林、伊拉克、伊朗、以色列、約旦、科威特、黎巴嫩、阿曼、巴勒斯坦、卡達、敘利亞和葉門)，為了您及家人的健康，提供您重要的預防資訊及配合事項，如果您在 14 日內有發燒、咳嗽、身體不適，請您立即戴外科口罩，及撥打 1922 防疫專線 (免付費 24小時)，以協助儘速就醫治療。

Ladies and gentlemen,

Whether you are returning home or just visiting, welcome to Taiwan! If you are coming from a country with confirmed MERS cases(South Korea, Saudi Arabia, United Arab Emirates , Bahrain, Iraq, Iran, Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Oman, Palestine, Qatar, Syria and Yemen), for your own health and the health of your families, we would like to provide important health precautions and advices for you and your families. If you develop flu-like symptoms such as fever, cough or general discomfort within 14 days after returning home, please put on a mask immediately, call the toll-free hotline 1922 to seek assistance in getting medical attention and inform the doctor of your recent exposure and travel history.



勤洗手
Wash Hands



自主健康監測
Self-monitoring
for 14 days



有症狀戴口罩
Wear surgical
mask when
symptoms occur



在臺發病通報
Report to
authority



新北市政府衛生局 關心您



衛生福利部疾病管制署
TAIWAN CDC

1922

<http://www.cdc.gov.tw>

自MERS流行地區返國防疫處置流程

疾病管制署2015/6/5製作

